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APPLICATION NO	O. FI	LING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/601,576 06/24		06/24/2003	Hiroki Murakami	12054-0018	8220
22902	7590	08/22/2006		EXAMINER	
	& BRODY		SPEER, TIMOTHY M		
1090 VERMONT AVENUE, NW SUITE 250				ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
WASHINGTON, DC 20005				1775	

DATE MAILED: 08/22/2006

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Action Summers	10/601,576	MURAKAMI ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Timothy M. Speer	1775				
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply						
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).  Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).						
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 19 Ma	<u>ay 2006</u> .					
3) Since this application is in condition for allowan	3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
closed in accordance with the practice under E	closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of Claims						
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>15-19</u> is/are pending in the application	l <b>.</b>					
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>15-19</u> is/are rejected.						
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	election requirement.					
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner						
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acce	epted or b) objected to by the E	Examiner.				
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).						
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of:						
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.						
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No						
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).						
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.						
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Attachment(s)  1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summary	(DTO 412)				
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	Paper No(s)/Mail Da	ite				
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	5)  Notice of Informal P 6)  Other:	atent Application (PTO-152)				
J.S. Patent and Trademark Office	-,					

#### **DETAILED ACTION**

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102/103

- 1. The text of those sections of Title 35, U.S. Code not included in this action can be found in a prior Office action.
- 2. Claims 15-19 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as anticipated by or, in the alternative, under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as obvious over Tamatsuka (USPN 6,413,310)
- 3. Tamatsuka teaches a CZ silicon single crystal wafer wherein a density of COPs (crystal originated particles) having a size of 0.09 microns or more on the surface is 1.03 COPs/cm² (abstract). Tamatsuka further teaches that the wafer has a nitrogen concentration of 1x10<sup>10</sup> to 1x10<sup>15</sup> atoms/cm³ (see claim 13). Tamatsuka also teaches that the oxygen concentration is 18 ppm or less (see claim 19). Since the wafer of Tamatsuka has all of the claimed structural characteristics, it is the Examiner's position that the wafers will exhibit the claimed COP density even after repeated cleaning. It has been held that where the claimed invention and prior art products are identical or substantially identical in structure or are produced by identical or substantially identical processes, a prima facie case of either anticipation or obviousness will be considered to have been established over functional limitations that stem from the claimed structure. *In re Best*, 195 USPQ 430, 433 (CCPA 1977), *In re Spada*, 15 USPQ2d 1655, 1658 (Fed. Cir. 1990). The prima facie case can be rebutted by evidence showing that the prior art products do not necessarily possess the characteristics of the claimed product. *In re Best*, 195 USPQ 430, 433. With regard to the process limitations recited in the present claims, process

limitations in product claims are generally not dispositive unless it is shown that the recited process limitations product a product materially different that the applied prior art. MPEP 2113. In the present case, applicant has failed to adduce such evidence.

4. Claims 15-19 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as anticipated by or, in the alternative, under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as obvious over WO 00/12786.

WO 00/12786 teaches a CZ silicon single crystal wafer wherein a density of COPs (crystal originated particles) having a size of 0.09 microns or more on the surface is 1.03 COPs/cm<sup>2</sup> (abstract). WO 00/12786 further teaches that the wafer has a nitrogen concentration of 1x10<sup>10</sup> to 1x10<sup>15</sup> atoms/cm<sup>3</sup> (see claim 13). WO 00/12786 also teaches that the oxygen concentration is 18 ppm or less (see claim 19). Since the wafer of WO 00/12786 has all of the claimed structural characteristics, it is the Examiner's position that the wafers will exhibit the claimed COP density even after repeated cleaning. It has been held that where the claimed invention and prior art products are identical or substantially identical in structure or are produced by identical or substantially identical processes, a prima facie case of either anticipation or obviousness will be considered to have been established over functional limitations that stem from the claimed structure. *In re Best*, 195 USPQ 430, 433 (CCPA 1977), In re Spada, 15 USPQ2d 1655, 1658 (Fed. Cir. 1990). The prima facie case can be rebutted by evidence showing that the prior art products do not necessarily possess the characteristics of the claimed product. In re Best, 195 USPQ 430, 433. With regard to the process limitations recited in the present claims, process limitations in product claims are generally not dispositive unless it is shown that the recited process limitations product a product materially different that the applied prior art. MPEP 2113. In the present case, applicant has failed to adduce such evidence. Application/Control Number: 10/601,576 Page 4

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## Response to Arguments

5. Rejections made in the previous Office Action, but not repeated herein have been withdrawn in view of applicant's response filed 05/19/06.

- 6. Regarding the present ground of rejections, applicant asserts that the applied prior art does not render the present claims unpatentable, since the prior art, it is alleged, would not exhibit the claimed COPs surface density after repeated cleanings. These arguments have been considered, but are not persuasive.
- 7. The applied prior art teaches each and every structural limitation recited in the present claims. Therefore, absent evidence to the contrary, it is the Examiner's position that the prior art crystals would exhibit the same properties as presently claimed after treating. With respect to the journal articles relied on by applicant, these articles are not persuasive, since the materials described therein are not the same as those disclosed in the applied prior art. Again, the product art wafers appear to be identical to those presently claimed and, accordingly, any characteristics regarding cleaning would also be present. Discovering an inherent property of a prior art article does not impart patentability to the known article.
- 8. In light of the above, applicant's arguments filed 05/19/06 have been fully considered, but are not found to be persuasive.

9.

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#### Conclusion

10. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Timothy M. Speer whose telephone number is 571-272-8385.

The examiner can normally be reached on M-Th, M-F.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Jennifer McNeil can be reached on 571-272-1540. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

Timothy M. Speer

JENNIFER C. MCNEIL SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER